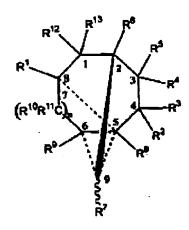
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## In the Claims:

1.(previously presented) A compound of formula I



wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloylkyl ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R8 is hydrogen, or branched lower C3.7 alkyl;

 $R^9$  is hydrogen, methyl , ethyl, or branched lower  $C_{\text{3-7}}$  alkyl ;

R<sup>10</sup> is ethyl or propyl;

R11 is C14 alkyl;

R<sup>12</sup> is hydroxy;

R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; or

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl group; the dashed line represents either a C-C single bond or no bond; and

a) when C5 and C8 are connected by a single bond and C9 and C6 are connected by a single bond, C9 and C5 are not connected by a bond,
 n=1,

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R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup> are hydrogen, and R<sup>9</sup> is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; or

b) when C5 and C8 are connected by a single bond and C9 and C6 are connected by a single bond, C9 and C5 are not connected,

n=0,

R<sup>7</sup>, R<sup>8</sup> is hydrogen,

R<sup>9</sup> is a branched lower C<sub>3-7</sub> alkyl; or

e) when C5 and C8 are not connected by a bond, C9 and C5 are connected by a single bond,

R<sup>7</sup> is hydrogen, methyl or ethyl,

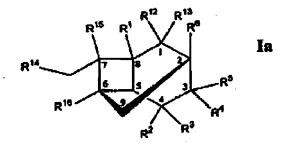
R8 is a branched lower C3.7 alkyl, or

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>8</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 5or 6-membered cycloalkyl ring,

n = 0, and

the bond between C6 and C8 may be a single bond or a double bond.

2.(withdrawn) A compound according to claim 1 having a formula Ia



wherein

 $R^1$ ,  $R^4$ ,  $R^6$ ,  $R^{14}$  and  $R^{16}$  are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  are independently hydrogen, or  $C_{1.5}$  alkyl; or,

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R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloalkyl ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

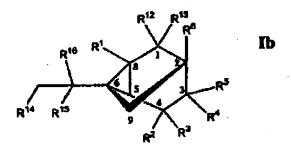
R<sup>15</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>12</sup> is hydroxy;

R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; or

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl group.

3.(withdrawn) A compound according to claim 1 of formula Ib,



wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl; or,

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloalkyl ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R15 is C14 alkyl

R<sup>12</sup> is hydroxy;

R<sup>13</sup> is hydrogen or C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; or

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl group.

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4.(original) A compound according to claim I of formula Ic,

wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, R<sup>6</sup>, R<sup>14</sup> and R<sup>16</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, or C<sub>1-5</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; or,

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloalkyl ring;

R<sup>15</sup> is C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>12</sup> is hydroxy;

 $R^{13}$  is hydrogen or  $C_{1-4}$  alkyl; or

R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl group; and

the bond between C6 and C8 may be a single bond;

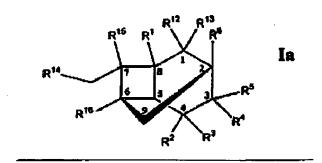
or the dotted line together with the bond between C6 and C8 may represent a double bond.

5.(original) A compound according to claim 1 selected from the group consisting of 1,5,7,8,8-Pentamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 1,5,7,8,8-Pentamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 1,3,3,5,7,8,8-Heptamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 3,3,5,7,8,8-Hexamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 3,3,5,8,8-Pentamethyltricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 5,7,8,8-Tetramethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one; 1- Isopropyl-3,3,5-trimethyl-

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tricyclo[3.2.1.0<sup>2.7</sup>]octan-6-one; 5-Isopropy1-1,3-dimethylbicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one; 5-Isopropyl-1,3-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]octan-2-one; 5-tertButy1-1,3-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one; 5-sec-Buty1-1,3-dimethylbicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-ene-2-one; 5-Isopropyl-3-methyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-ene-2-one; 5,7-Diisopropy1-3-methyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one; 5-Isopropyl-3,7,7-trimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one; 1,3,5-Trimethyl-1,5,6,7,8,8a-hexahydro-1,4a-ethanonaphthalen-2-one; and 5,6,7,8,8-Pentamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-ol.

- 6.(previously presented) A flavour or fragrance composition comprising a compound according to claim 1.
- 7.(currently amended) A flavour or fragrance composition according to claim 6 comprising at least one compound selected from the group of compounds of formula Ia as defined in claim 2



<u>where</u>	<u>in</u>
$R^1, R^4$	R <sup>6</sup> , R <sup>14</sup> and R <sup>16</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;
R <sup>2</sup> and	d R <sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C <sub>1-5</sub> alkyl; or,
R <sup>2</sup> and	d R3 together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-
<u>memb</u>	pered cycloalkyl ring;
R <sup>5</sup> is h	nydrogen, or C <sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;
R <sup>15</sup> is	C <sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;
R <sup>12</sup> is	hydroxy:
$\mathbb{R}^{13}$ is	hydrogen or Coa alkyl: or

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R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a carbonyl group

- and at least one compound selected from the group of compounds of formula Ic as defined in claim 4.
- 8.(withdrawn) A flavour or fragrance composition according to claim 7 comprising 5-tert-Butyl-1,3-dimethyl-bicyclo[3.2.1]oct-3-en-2-one and 1,5,7,8,8-Pentamethyl-tricyclo[3.3.1.0<sup>2,7</sup>]nonan-6-one.
- 9.(withdrawn) A fragrance application comprising the The use of a compound according to claim 1, wherein the fragrance application is a in fragrance and or a flavour applications application.
- 10.(withdrawn) A fragrance application comprising the The use of a compound according to claim 19, wherein the fragrance application is selected from the group consisting of perfume in perfumes, a household products product, a laundry product products, a body care product products, and a cosmetic producteesmetics.
- 11.(previously presented) The use in a fragrance application, flavour application, in a perfume, in a household product, in a laundry product, in a body care product or in a cosmetic product wherein a compound according to claim 1 is provided in an amount from 0.001 to 20% by weight.
- 12.(original) A method of manufacturing a flavour or fragrance composition, comprising the step of incorporating a compound of formula I as defined in claim 1 to a base material.
- 13.(original) A method of manufacturing a fragranced application, comprising the incorporation of a compound of formula I as defined in claim 1.

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- 14.(original) A method according to claim 13 wherein the fragranced application is selected from the group consisting of perfume, household product, laundry product, body care product and cosmetics.
- 15.(previously presented) A process of preparing a compound of the formula I as defined in claim 1

comprising the step of reacting a compound of formula II with ethyl aluminium dichloride or methyl aluminium dichloride

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wherein

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>4</sup>, and R<sup>6</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> are independently hydrogen, or C<sub>1.5</sub> alkyl; or

R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> together with the carbon atom to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloylkyl ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen; or C1-4 alkyl;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; or

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 5- or 6-membered cycloalkane ring;

R<sup>16</sup> is hydrogen, or lower branched C<sub>3-7</sub>, alkyl,

and optionally followed by the step of reduction and/or alkylation of the carbonyl group at C1.

16.(previously presented) A process of preparing a compound of the general formula Ic

comprising the step of converting a compound of formula II by photochemical induction

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wherein

R<sup>2</sup>, R<sup>3</sup>, and R<sup>16</sup> are hydrogen;

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>6</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl;

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> are independently hydrogen, methyl or ethyl; or

R<sup>7</sup> and R<sup>14</sup> together with the carbon atoms to which they are attached form a 5- or

6-membered cycloalkane ring;

R<sup>5</sup> is hydrogen, linear or branched C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl;

R<sup>15</sup> is linear or branched C<sub>1-4</sub> alkyl; and

and optionally followed by the step of hydrogenation across the double bond at C6 and C8, and

optionally followed by the step of reduction and/or alkylation of the carbonyl group at C1.